

PDR Network[®] Provider Solutions:



Here Start your patient's drug education...





FREE Patient Drug Education from PDR

PDR+ helps you educate your patients about their prescriptions. Coming to your iPatientCare EHR.



PDR+ is different.

Using the principles of adherence*, **PDR+** has been designed specifically to improve patients' understanding of their medication, including:

- How the medication may benefit them
- When they may see results
- How their progress will be measured
- Side effects and ways to manage them

Designed for use with patients.

Unlike pharmacy handouts, **PDR+** is designed to be given during the exam to proactively address patients' questions and concerns and to help them commit to therapy.

- Print from **PDR® BRIEF**
- Or send direct to the patient portal

Melavin Generic name: (melavinus) Other Brands: ranbavinus, tevavinus, mylavinus PDR+ supports your workflow. Dr. Smith has prescribed Melavin for you. It is important that you fill your prescription and use this medication as prescribed. It is also important for you to read this information carefully, as it includes key facts you should know about your medicine. **PDR+** is made available at no cost to you. Convenient access via PDR BRIEF in your EHR What is this medication and its most common uses? • Optimized for print-on-demand Melavin is a medicine known as an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), used alone or in combination welayin is a medications to treat high blood pressure. Melavin is also used to treat heart failure, or to • Better informed patients = fewer calls lower the risk of death from heart problems in people who have had a heart attack. What should I know when beginning and continuing on this medication? Melavin lowers high blood pressure by blocking a chemical in your body that causes blood vessels to narrow. By blocking this chemical, Melavin relaxes and widens your blood vessels, allowing your What are the beneficial effects of this medication and when should I begin to have results? What: High Blood Pressure: By lowering your blood pressure, Melavin may lower your risk of a Heart Failure: Melavin is proven to lower the need for hospitalization from heart failure. After a Heart Attack: Melavin is proven to reduce the chance of death after a heart attack in people When: Melavin may start lowering your blood pressure within 2 weeks. Though an improvement or change in the way you feel × Patien Drug Info Recent Major Change: Aug 201 Updated Aug 2013 Alert REMS Melavin Full Prescribing Information Boxed WARNING //// (melavinus) Patient coupon available. Melavin - new 5mg dose available Terms of Service VPDR BRIEF Eligible patients pay no more than \$15 on neathcare provider as soon as possible. Only your healthcare provider can determine if it is safe for you to continue taking this medication. Melavin can harm your unborn baby. Talk to your healthcare provider about other ways to lower your blood pressure if you plan to become pregnant. Tell your healthcare provider right Page 1 of 4 Access via PDR BRIEF.

PDR+

Patients prefer PDR+.

"[PDR+] would make me feel more comfortable about my medicine."

"If I'm not afraid of my medication I will stay on it."

"... if the doctor tells me everything I need to know about my medication, it shows he really cares about me and my health." 70% of patients have never received printed drug information from their physician, but two out of three said they wish they had.

Click on **PATIENT DRUG INFO** to print.

Source: PDR Patient Research, July 2013.

Source: American Society of Consultant Pharmacists Foundation "Adult Meducation—Improving Medication Adherence in Older Adults" *When PDR+ includes a co-pay discount or coupon



Melavin Generic name: (melavinus)

Other Brands: ranbavinus, tevavinus, mylavinus Last Revised: 08/2013

Dr. Smith has prescribed Melavin for you. It is important that you fill your prescription and use this medication as prescribed. It is also important for you to read this information carefully, as it includes key facts you should know about your medicine.

👧 What is this medication and its most common uses?

Melavin is a medicine known as an angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), used alone or in combination with other medications to treat high blood pressure. Melavin is also used to treat heart failure, or to lower the risk of death from heart problems in people who have had a heart attack.

What should I know when beginning and continuing on this medication?

How does this medication work?

Melavin lowers high blood pressure by blocking a chemical in your body that causes blood vessels to narrow. By blocking this chemical, Melavin relaxes and widens your blood vessels, allowing your blood to flow through with less resistance.

What are the beneficial effects of this medication and when should I begin to have results?

What: High Blood Pressure: By lowering your blood pressure, Melavin may lower your risk of a stroke or heart attack.

Heart Failure: Melavin is proven to lower the need for hospitalization from heart failure.

After a Heart Attack: Melavin is proven to reduce the chance of death after a heart attack in people who have certain types of heart problems.

When: Melavin may start lowering your blood pressure within 2 weeks. Though you may not feel an improvement or change in the way you feel, it is very important to keep taking your medicine as prescribed to keep your condition under control.

How do I know it is working?

Check your blood pressure regularly. Your healthcare provider will also check your blood pressure at every visit. Following an appropriate diet and exercise plan will also affect your blood pressure results.

What are the possible side effects of this medication?

The following is not a full list of side effects. Side effects cannot be anticipated. If any develop or change in intensity, tell your healthcare provider as soon as possible. Only your healthcare provider can determine if it is safe for you to continue taking this medication.

Melavin can harm your unborn baby. Talk to your healthcare provider about other ways to lower your blood pressure if you plan to become pregnant. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant while taking Melavin.

High Blood Pressure

More common side effects may include: headache, dizziness, flu-like symptoms, tiredness, abdominal (stomach area) pain.

Heart Failure

More common side effects may include: dizziness, low blood pressure, diarrhea, joint or back pain, tiredness, increased blood potassium levels.

After a Heart Attack

More common side effects may include: low blood pressure, cough, decreased kidney function.

Low blood pressure is most likely to happen if you also take water pills, are on a low-salt diet, get dialysis treatment, have heart problems, or get sick with vomiting or diarrhea. If you feel faint or dizzy, lie down and call your healthcare provider right away.

Less common side effects of Melavin may include:

Kidney problems with symptoms such as swelling in your feet, ankles, or hands; or unexplained weight gain.

Who should not take this medication?

Do not take Melavin if you are allergic to it or any of its ingredients.

If you are diabetic, do not take Melavin in combination with aliskiren.

What should I tell my healthcare provider before I take the first dose of this medication?

Tell your healthcare provider about all prescription, over-the-counter, and herbal medications you are taking before beginning treatment with Melavin. Also, talk to your healthcare provider about your complete medical history, especially if you have diabetes; kidney, liver, or heart problems; or if you are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding.

🚯 What is the usual dosage?

The information below is based on the dosage guidelines your healthcare provider uses. Depending on your condition and medical history, your healthcare provider may prescribe a different regimen. Do not change the dosage or stop taking your medication without your healthcare provider's approval.

High Blood Pressure

Adults: The recommended starting dose is 80 milligrams (mg) or 160 mg once a day.

Children 6-16 years: Your healthcare provider may prescribe the appropriate dose for your child, based on his/her weight.

Heart Failure

Adults: The recommended starting dose is 40 mg twice a day.

After a Heart Attack

Adults: The recommended starting dose is 20 mg twice a day.

Your healthcare provider may increase your dose as needed until the desired effect is achieved.

How should I take this medication?

Take Melavin exactly as prescribed by your healthcare provider. Do not change your dose or stop taking Melavin without first talking to your healthcare provider.

Take Melavin at the same time every day, with or without food.

If your child cannot swallow tablets, or if tablets are not available in the prescribed strength, your pharmacist will prepare a liquid suspension using Melavin tablets. Shake the bottle well for at least 10 seconds before giving the medicine to your child.



What should I avoid while taking this medication?

Do not become pregnant while taking this medication.

Do not take potassium supplements or salt substitutes that contain potassium without first talking to your healthcare provider.

What are the possible food and drug interactions associated with this medication?

If Melavin is taken with certain other drugs, the effects of either could be increased, decreased, or altered. It is especially important to check with your healthcare provider before combining Melavin with the following: aliskiren, blood pressure/heart medications known as angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors (such as captopril or lisinopril), certain water pills (such as amiloride, spironolactone, or triamterene), cyclosporine, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) (such as ibuprofen or naproxen), potassium supplements, rifampin, ritonavir, or salt substitutes that contain potassium.

May I receive this medication if I am pregnant or breastfeeding?

Do not take Melavin if you are pregnant or breastfeeding. Melavin can harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider immediately if you are pregnant, plan to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding.

🕤 What should I do if I miss a dose of this medication?

If you miss a dose of Melavin, take it as soon as you remember. However, if it is almost time for your next dose, skip the one you missed and return to your regular dosing schedule. Do not take two doses at once.



How should I store this medication?

Store at room temperature. Protect from moisture.

👩 Who should I contact in case of emergency or overdose?

In case of emergency, such as if the person is not breathing; call local emergency services at 911. In case of overdose, call your local poison control center at: 1-800-222-1222.

This PDR+ drug information has been developed by the Physicians' Desk Reference Network (PDRN), a source of medication information trusted by doctors for over 65 years.

This monograph summarizes the most important information about your medication and does not cover all the information you may need. If you have any questions or concerns or want to learn more about your medication, ask your healthcare provider. He/she will be able to provide answers to your questions. This medication should only be used by the patient for whom it was prescribed and should not be shared with other people.

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